



Qualification Specification



This qualification is part of ProQual's broad offer of qualifications in the Hair and Beauty Sector.

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Introduction

The ProQual Level 4 Certificate in Micropigmentation provides a nationally recognised qualification for those working in the beauty industry, and who wish to develop and demonstrate their competence at providing micropigmentation treatments. There are a range of optional units, enabling candidates to explore the area of micropigmentation they are most interested in.

The aims of this qualification are:

- To develop an understanding of micropigmentation treatments.
- To demonstrate competence at carrying out micropigmentation treatments using a plasma pen, in accordance with health and safety requirements.
- To provide a progression route within the beauty industry, for those interested in providing advanced aesthetic treatments.

The awarding body for this qualification is ProQual AB. This qualification has been approved for delivery in England and Northern Ireland. The regulatory body for this qualification is Ofqual, and this qualification has been accredited onto the Regulated Qualification Framework (RQF), and has been published in Ofqual's Register of Qualifications.



Qualification Profile

Qualification Title:	ProQual Level 4 Certificate in Micropigmentation		
Qualification Number:	610/4467/2		
Level:	Level 4		
Total Qualification Time (TQT):	240 Hours		
Guided Learning Hours (GLH):	180 Hours		
	Pass / Fail		
Assessment:	Internally assessed and verified by centre staff		
	External quality assured by ProQual Verifiers		
Qualification Start Date:	02/09/2024		
Qualification Review Date:	02/09/2027		



Learner Profile

Candidates who wish to complete this qualification **must** have previously completed **ProQual Level 3 Access to Aesthetic Practice**. Centres should carry out their own initial assessment of a candidate's initial knowledge and skills.

Candidates for this qualification should either:

 Be employed in a role where they will have the opportunity to carry out a number of micropigmentation treatments on a range of clients.

OR

• Be enrolled with a training provider, which will enable them to carry out a number of skin tightening treatments on a range of simulated or real clients.

Candidates who complete this qualification, and who wish to further develop their knowledge and skills in the beauty sector, could progress to study additional qualifications from ProQual's hair and beauty suite. These include:

- Additional Level 4/5 Certificates in various beauty treatments, such as:
 - Level 4 Certificate in Skin Tightening Treatments.
 - Level 4 Certificate in Dermaplaning Treatments.
 - o Level 5 Certificate in Microneedling Treatments.
 - Level 5 Certificate in Chemical Peel Treatments.
- Level 4 Diploma in Aesthetic Treatments and Skin Science.
- Level 7 Diploma in Aesthetic Practice.



Qualification Structure

This qualification consists of **three** mandatory units. Candidates must complete all mandatory units to complete this qualification. This qualification also consists of four optional units, candidates must complete **at least one** of the optional units to complete the qualification, but may complete more if they wish.

Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	TQT	GLH					
Man	Mandatory Units – Candidates must complete all units in this group.								
J/651/2395	Health and Safety in a Salon Environment	2	10	10					
L/651/2397	Infection Control and Prevention for Cosmetic, Aesthetic and Needle Related Treatments	2	25	20					
H/651/2401	Providing Initial Consultation With Client	4	125	100					
Optiono	ıl Units – Candidates must complete at least one (unit in th	is group	o.					
K/651/2403	Principles and Practice of Cosmetic Micropigmentation	4	100	77					
L/651/2404	Eyebrow Micropigmentation Microblading - Manual Method	4	100	75					
M/651/2405	Principles and Practice of Scalp Micropigmentation	4	80	50					
R/651/2406	Principles and Practice of Body Micropigmentation	4	80	50					



Centre Requirements

Centres must be approved to deliver this qualification. If your centre is not approved to deliver this qualification, please complete and submit the **ProQual Additional Qualification Approval Form.**

Materials produced by centres to support candidates should:

- Enable them to track their achievements as they progress through the learning outcomes and assessment criteria.
- Provide information on where ProQual's policies and procedures can be viewed.
- Provide a means of enabling Internal and External Quality Assurance staff to authenticate evidence.

Certification

Candidates who achieve the requirements for this qualification will be awarded:

- A certificate listing all units achieved, and
- A certificate giving the full qualification title:

ProQual Level 4 Certificate in Micropigmentation Treatments

Claiming certificates

Centres may claim certificates for candidates who have been registered with ProQual and who have successfully achieved the qualification. All certificates will be issued to the centre for successful candidates.

Unit certificates

If a candidate does not achieve all of the units required for a qualification, the centre may claim a unit certificate for the candidate which will list all of the units achieved.

Replacement certificates

If a replacement certificate is required a request must be made to ProQual in writing. Replacement certificates are labelled as such and are only provided when the claim has been authenticated. Refer to the Fee Schedule for details of charges for replacement.



Assessment Requirements

Each candidate is required to produce a portfolio of evidence which demonstrates their achievement of all of the learning outcomes and assessment criteria for each unit.

Evidence can include:

- Observation report by assessor
- Assignments/projects/reports
- Professional discussion
- Witness testimony
- Candidate product
- Worksheets
- Record of oral and written questioning
- Recognition of Prior Learning

Candidates must demonstrate the level of competence described in the units. Assessment is the process of measuring a candidate's skill, knowledge and understanding against the standards set in the qualification.

Centre staff assessing this qualification must be **occupationally competent** and qualified to make assessment decisions. Assessors who are suitably qualified may hold a qualification such as, but not limited to:

- ProQual Level 3 Certificate in Teaching, Training and Assessment.
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Education and Training.
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment.
 (Suitable for assessment taking place in a working salon only.)
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocational Achievement.
 (Suitable for assessment taking place in a simulated training environment only.)

Candidate portfolios must be internally verified by centre staff who are **occupationally knowledgeable** and qualified to make quality assurance decisions. Internal verifiers who are suitably qualified may hold a qualification such as:

- ProQual Level 4 Award in the Internal QA of Assessment Processes and Practice.
- ProQual Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal QA of Assessment Processes and Practice.

Occupationally competent means capable of carrying out the full requirements contained within a unit. **Occupationally knowledgeable** means possessing relevant knowledge and understanding.



Enquiries, Appeals and Adjustments

Adjustments to standard assessment arrangements are made on the client needs of candidates. ProQual's Reasonable Adjustments Policy and Special Consideration Policy sets out the steps to follow when implementing reasonable adjustments and special considerations and the service that ProQual provides for some of these arrangements.

Centres should contact ProQual for further information or queries about the contents of the policy.

All enquiries relating to assessment or other decisions should be dealt with by centres, with reference to ProQual's Enquiries and Appeals Procedures.



Units – Learning Outcomes and Assessment Criteria

Title:				nd Safety in a vironment		2																		
Unit N	umber:	J/651/239.	5 г	QT: 10	GLH:	10																		
				Assessment Criteria the learner can:																				
1	Prepare salor treatment.	n areas for	1.1	Identify comment.	on hazards an	d risks in a salon																		
			1.2		arrying out bed	equirements for auty treatments,																		
				 The Rep Danger (RIDDO Manual Regulat Control 	ous Occurrenc R). Handling Ope	es, Diseases and ces Regulations erations Hazardous to																		
						1.3		to clean, disinf of tools and e	ect and sterilise quipment.															
																					1.4	Explain the diff	ference betwe on.	en sterilisation
															1.5	procedures ar	s important to nd any given in s and equipme	structions when						
			1.6	LightingHeatingVentilat) .																			



1	Continued	1.7	Explain why it is important that the above environmental conditions are provided.
		1.8	Explain why it is important to maintain personal hygiene, protection and appearance according to accepted industry and organisational standards.
		1.9	Explain the reasons and importance of keeping records of treatments.
2	2 Maintain salon treatment areas.	2.1	Explain how to safely dispose of waste materials and products from beauty treatments.
		2.2	Explain the requirements for re-stocking products and other items.
		2.3	Describe own responsibilities in relation to the storage of: • Equipment. • Products. • Client Records.
		2.4	Describe how the work area should be left after a treatment.
		2.5	Explain why it is important to leave the work area in the condition described above.



Additional Assessment Information

This unit is **knowledge based**. This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Centres may use the appropriate ProQual Candidate Workbook, or their own, centre devised, assignments.

This unit is a **common unit**. Centres should be aware that candidates may have completed this unit as part of another ProQual Hair and Beauty qualification and may be eligible for recognition of prior learning.



Title:	Preve Aesth	revention Control and Prevention for Cosmetic, Aesthetic and Needle Related Treatments				2
Unit Number:	L/651/23	397	TQT:	25	GLH:	20
Learning Outcon The learner will be			ssment (earner ca			
1 Understand non- infectious and infectious hazards that are associated with cosmetic, aesthetic and needle treatments.		1.1	Descr •	ibe the cell s Bacteria. Fungi. Viruses.	structure and k	cey features of:
		1.2		ibe the idea o-organisms.	l conditions fo	r the growth of
			Defin	Define the term "pathogen".		
		1.4	List fiv	e common i Bacteria. Fungi. Viruses.	llness caused b	ру:
		1.5	Defin	e the term "p	oarasite".	
		1.6			nce between I an ectoparas	-
		1.7		fy three comise humans.	nmon ectopar	asites that
		1.8		in the differe iisation.	nce between	infection and
		1.9	Descr •	ibe what is n Localised ir Systemic in	nfection.	



1	Continued	1.10	Describe what is meant by:
			Direct transmission.Indirect transmission.Vector transmission.
		1.11	Describe how, within the salon environment, an infective agent could:
			Enter the body.Be transmitted from person to person.
		1.12	Identify common non-infectious hazards that might arise as part of cosmetic, aesthetic or needle treatments.
		1.13	Explain how an injury to the skin can be a risk to an individual.
		1.14	Identify treatments within the salon that would require the use of infection control procedures.
2	Understand how to control non-infectious and infectious risk.	2.1	Explain the roles and responsibilities of the employer and employee in the prevention and control of infection.
		2.2	Explain how the skin acts as a defence against infection.
		2.3	Describe the procedures that would be followed, in relation to infection prevention and control, for:
			 Consultation. Aftercare. Hand Hygiene. Environment management. Equipment management. Cleaning, disinfecting and sterilisation.
			 Personal protective equipment. Management of body fluids. Needle stick injuries. Waste disposal and collection. Management of occupational exposure.



Additional Assessment Information

This unit is **knowledge based**. This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Centres may use the ProQual Level 2 Award in Infection Control and Prevention in Aesthetic Practice Candidate Workbook, or their own, centre devised, assignments.

This unit is a **common unit**. Centres should be aware that candidates may have completed this unit as part of another ProQual Hair and Beauty qualification and may be eligible for recognition of prior learning.



Title:	itle:			ing Initial Itation With Client			4
Unit N	umber:	H/651/24	.01	IQT:	125	GLH:	100
Learning Outcomes The learner will be able to:				sment Criteri arner can:	a		
1 Understand the client consultation process.			1.1	competer and safe v	nt profession working prefer to oth	onals to supp actices, inclu er non-health	iding how and
			1.2	practice o	and work vents, when	st comply wit within the leg undertaking	islative
			1.3	documen developm • Up- • Poli • Pro	ting continent included to the continuation of	nuous profess	aging in, and iional
			1.4	· ·	raindicate	why medical the non-surg	conditions gical cosmetic
			1.5		nts for ob	re and insural taining medic	
			1.6	the client	in a profe		nunicating with er and within cies.



1	Continued	1.7	 Explain why you must develop and agree a non-surgical cosmetic procedure plan including: Declared current medical status. Procedure history. Relative and absolute contraindications. Skin classification, condition and sensitivity. Skin healing capacity. Client's expectations. The client's physical and psychological suitability for the non-surgical cosmetic procedure.
		1.8	Discuss the relationship and impact between the following needs: Social. Physical. Psychological. Physiological. Social influences. The media. Trends.
		1.9	Explain how your own continuous professional development can support the client to make an informed choice, including alternative treatment options.
		1.10	Explain how to manage the client's expectations, including the importance of explaining: Procedure process. Expected outcomes. Associated risks.
		1.11	Describe the benefits of using visual aids during consultation.



1	Continued	1.12	Describe the legislative, insurance and organisational requirements for:
			 Gaining signed, informed consent from the client for the non-surgical cosmetic procedure. Upholding the rights of the client and practitioner. Taking and storing of visual media of the clients treatment area. Completing and storing the clients non-surgical cosmetic procedure records.
		1.13	Explain why non-surgical cosmetic procedures are prohibited for minors, including the age at which a client is classed as a minor and how this differs nationally.
		1.14	Explain the importance of explaining the physical sensation created by the procedure to the client, including how pain threshold and sensitivity varies from client to client, including the types of pain management and associated risks.
		1.15	State the reasons for providing and obtaining confirmation of receipt from the client for the verbal and written instructions and advice pre and post the non-surgical cosmetic procedure.
2	Understand the skin analysis process.	2.1	Explain the legal requirements and other relevant standards, insurance guidelines and organisational protocols when carrying out a skin analysis, including the importance of working within the scope of your practice.
		2.2	Describe how to maintain your role and responsibilities for the health, safety and welfare of the individual and yourself before, during and after the skin analysis.
		2.3	Explain the rationale for carrying out skin analysis, expected findings in different skin types and the role of evidence-based practice.
		2.4	State the protocols for the correct and safe use of skin analysis technologies.



2	Continued	2.5	Describe how to interpret outcomes from the skin analysis procedure, including how to evaluate the features and severity of presenting skin conditions in relation to known skin classifications.
		2.6	Describe how to review and monitor the following skin conditions including: Lax elasticity. Hyper and hypo pigmentation. Congested. Pustular. Fragile. Vascular. Sensitised. Sensitive. Dehydrated. Photo-sensitive. Photo-aged. Lacklustre.
	2.7	Explain the reasons for taking consensual visual media of the individuals treatment area and storing in accordance with the service, legislative, insurance and organisational requirements.	
		2.8	Describe how the skin consultation, initial assessment, available evidence and the skin analysis outcomes collectively inform a bespoke treatment plan.
		2.9	Describe the importance of recognising suspicious skin irregularities and lesions, and referring to a relevant health professional where necessary.
		2.10	Explain how to develop an agreed treatment plan with the individual based on the conclusion of the skin analysis, to include: The impact on the prognosis. The variety of options available for management.



2	Continued	2.11	Describe how to complete accurate, secure and contemporaneous records of the information gathered and the outcomes of the skin analysis to meet legal requirements and organisational protocols, considering: The rights of the individual. Audit and accountability.
		2.12	 Explain how and why the skins barrier function is impaired by aesthetic procedures, including: The increased risk of photosensitivity and ways to protect the skin.
		2.13	Describe the adverse reactions associated with aesthetic procedures and how to respond, including: Infection. Wounds. Oedema. Hypertrophic and atrophic scarring. Increased photosensitivity reaction.
3	Undertake a client consultation.	3.1	 Carry out a concise and comprehensive nonsurgical cosmetic consultation, taking account of: The individual's declared medical history and current medical status. The individual's procedure history. The individual's skin classification, condition, sensitivity and healing capacity of the treatment area. The individual's concerns, expectations and desired outcomes. The individual's physical and psychological suitability for the nonsurgical cosmetic procedure. Declared relative and absolute contraindications and restrictions.
		3.2	Recognise, respond and sign-post appropriately in response to any disclosed conditions in compliance with data legislation.



3 Continue	Continued	3.3	Discuss the individual's objectives, concerns, expectations and desired outcomes to inform the non-surgical cosmetic procedure plan to include: • Alternative treatment options.
		3.4	Discuss the fee structures and explain how this can impact the individual's choice of non-surgical cosmetic procedures.
		3.5	Discuss and agree the skin priming programme or recommendations required prior to the non-surgical cosmetic procedure.
		3.6	Assess, discuss, agree and document the non- surgical cosmetic consultation and expected procedure outcomes and associated risks with the individual.
		3.7	Inform and provide information to the individual of their rights.
		3.8	Take and store consensual visual media of the individual's treatment area in accordance with insurance requirements, organisational policies and procedures.
		3.9	Discuss the physical sensation which may occur during the non-surgical cosmetic procedure with the individual following the procedure protocol.
		3.10	Discuss the options for pain management.
		3.11	Develop the non-surgical cosmetic procedure plan.
		3.12	Provide and obtain confirmation of receipt of the verbal and written instruction and advice given to the individual pre and post-procedure.



4	Perform a skin analysis	4.1	Follow legal requirements and other relevant standards, insurance guidelines, and organisational protocols when carrying out a skin analysis, including: • Maintaining your responsibilities for the health, safety, hygiene and welfare of the individual and yourself before, during and after the skin analysis.
		4.2	Ensure the individual's undertaking and obtain informed consent for the proposed investigative procedure.
		4.3	Identify and select the technology equipment to be used to carry out the skin analysis to determine, review and monitor the presenting skin condition, following organisational protocols.
	4.4	Record and securely store visual media for future reference and monitoring purposes in accordance with legislative, regulatory and indemnity requirements.	
		4.5	Evaluate the presenting skin type and skin condition against known skin classifications.
		4.6	Collate, record, analyse and evaluate the information gathered from the skin consultation, the skin analysis and available evidence base relating to the presenting skin condition to inform the treatment plan.
	4.7	Discuss, formulate and agree with the individual the outcome based on the conclusion of the skin analysis to include: The best interests of the individual. Ethical responsibilities working within your scope of practice. Adapting communication styles to meet the individual's needs. Contraindications and potential comorbidities.	
		4.8	Review and reflect on your performance to inform continuous professional development.



Additional Assessment Information

Learning Outcomes 1 and 2 are **knowledge based.** This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Learning Outcomes 3 and 4 are **competency based.** This means that the candidate is expected to perform the tasks, and demonstrate the level of competence, outlined in the assessment criteria. It is expected that evidence will be a combination following:

- Photographic and/or video evidence of the candidate's practical work.
- Assessor's observation report.
- Expert witness testimony.
- Candidate reflection on own practical work.

An observation report and witness testimony are differentiated as follows:

- An assessor's report is completed by a qualified assessor who observes the
 candidate carrying out practical work. The assessor will make assessment
 decisions as they observe and record these in the report, alongside a
 commentary of what they observe.
- A witness statement is completed by a suitably qualified or experienced expert
 who observes the candidate carrying out practical work. The witness
 statement will contain only a commentary of what has been observed. An
 assessor must then use the witness statement, alongside any additional
 evidence to make assessment decisions.
- In all cases, an assessor's report is preferred as evidence over a witness statement; as it is always better for an assessor to observe a candidate live.

Assessors may wish use to use a checklist or evidence matrix to organise and track the assessment outcomes that have been achieved, but these **do not**, in themselves, constitute evidence of achievement.

An assessor's report or witness statement alone is unlikely to be sufficient evidence of achievement. Reports and statements should always be accompanied by photographic and/or video evidence.

Centres may use the appropriate ProQual Candidate Workbook to organise candidate evidence or may use their own portfolio templates.

It is expected that competence of each assessment criteria will be observed **at least twice** before it is awarded.

Evidence of practical skills **may** be simulated, provided:

- The simulated environment matches, as close as possible, the real-world working environment.
- The candidate performs any assessed treatment on a live model.



Title:	Cosme	Principles ar Cosmetic Micropigme			Of Level:	4
Unit Number:	K/651/240)3 T	QT:	100	GLH:	77
Learning Outcor The learner will be			ment C rner car			
Understand how to prepare for and carry out cosmetic micropigmentation or		1.1		n and PPE fo	et up the wor r a micropign	kspace, trolley, nentation
the face.		1.2	Descri	Flat. Magnum. Round. Single poin Sloped. Micro. Shaders an		ypes:
	1.3	Identii each	of: Eyebrows -	Stroke Effect. Powder Effec Thickener.		
		1.4	eyelin		1. 2. 3cool. 3warm. cool. 4warm.	or eyebrow, entation, for the



1	Continued	1.5	State in which layer of the skin the pigment is implanted.
		1.6	Describe the possible adverse effects if the pigment is implanted:
			Too deep.Too shallow.
		1.7	Describe the structure and function of the endocrine system.
		1.8	Describe the structure and function of the circulatory system.
		1.9	Explain the changes that occur to the endocrine and circulatory systems after the body has received a cosmetic tattoo.
	1.10	Describe how to treat a client to stem any bleeding that occurs during the procedure.	
		1.11	Explain how the micropigmentation procedure is different for under 35s and under 50s. The explanation should include consideration of: • Skin laxity.
			Colouring.Speed of the tattoo gun.Needle choice.
		1.12	Explain how to perform a retouch for a client who:
			 Has faded, but hair strokes visible. Has lost all pigment on the brow. Is still in the healing phase. Has eyeliner that has healed patchy. Has lips that have lost all pigment within two weeks of treatment.
	1	1.13	State the required length of time between first and retouch procedures.
		1.14	Describe the stages of skin healing.



1	Continued	1.15	Describe the effect on freshly micropigmented skin of: The sun. Water Cosmetics.
		1.16	Describe how to handle a client who is unhappy with the result, including if this may result in legal action.
2	Carry out a micropigmentation treatment on the eyebrows – stroke effect.	2.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: Trolley. Products. Couch.
		2.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including: Agreeing treatment objectives. Agreeing design template. Agreeing pain management strategy.
		2.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		2.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		2.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		2.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		2.7	Measure the client's eyebrows using the calliper and cotton method.



2	Continued	2.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
		2.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		2.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		2.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		2.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		2.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
		2.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding: • Post treatment aftercare. • Future treatment.



3	Carry out a micropigmentation treatment on the eyebrows – powder effect.	3.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: • Trolley. • Products. • Couch.
		3.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including: Agreeing treatment objectives. Agreeing design template. Agreeing pain management strategy.
		3.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		3.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		3.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		3.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		3.7	Measure the client's eyebrows using the calliper and cotton method.



3	Continued	3.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
		3.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		3.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		3.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		3.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		3.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
		3.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding: Post treatment aftercare. Future treatment.



4	Camicauta	A 1	Drangra the workenges for transment
4	Carry out a micropigmentation	4.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including:
	treatment for eyelash		incloding.
	thickener.		Trolley.
			Products.
			• Couch.
		4.2	Complete a consultation with the client,
			including:
			Agreeing treatment objectives.
			 Agreeing design template.
			Agreeing pain management strategy.
		4.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		4.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		4.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle
			for the treatment.
		4.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance
			with the treatment objectives.
		4.7	Draw the eyelash thickener in place using a
			black pencil and receive acceptance before
			starting the procedure.
		4.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct
			techniques, to the client's satisfaction.
			Treatment techniques include:
			Pointillism.
			Pendulum.
			Shading.
			Obovoid.
			Cross-hatching.
			• Sweep.
			• Stroke.
			Three-way stretch.Needle depth.
			Needle depin.Speed.
			Pressure.
			Angle.
			Pigment dipping.
			Wrist support.
			Posture and Positioning. The other and Positioning. The other and Positioning.
			Treatment Passes.



4	Continued	4.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		4.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		4.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		4.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		4.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
		4.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding:
			Post treatment aftercare.Future treatment.
5	Carry out a micropigmentation treatment on eyeliner.	5.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: Trolley. Products. Couch.
		5.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including:
			Agreeing treatment objectives.Agreeing design template.Agreeing pain management strategy.
		5.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		5.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		5.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		5.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.



5	Continued	5.7	Pencil the liner in correctly around the eyes and receive acceptance before starting the procedure.
		5.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include:
			 Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
		5.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		5.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		5.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		5.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		5.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
		5.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding:
			Post treatment aftercare.Future treatment.



6	Carry out a micropigmentation treatment for lipliner.	6.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: • Trolley. • Products. • Couch.
		6.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including: Agreeing treatment objectives. Agreeing design template. Agreeing pain management strategy.
		6.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		6.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		6.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		6.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		6.7	Outline the lips using a soft sharp pencil and receive acceptance before starting the procedure.
		6.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.



6	Continued	6.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		6.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		6.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		6.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		6.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
		6.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding: Post treatment aftercare. Future treatment.
7	Carry out a micropigmentation treatment for full lip colour.	7.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: • Trolley. • Products. • Couch.
		7.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including: Agreeing treatment objectives. Agreeing design template. Agreeing pain management strategy.
		7.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		7.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		7.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.



7	Continued	7.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		7.7	Outline the lips using a soft sharp pencil and receive acceptance before starting the procedure.
		7.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
		7.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		7.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		7.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		7.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		7.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.



7	Continued	7.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding:
			Post treatment aftercare.Future treatment.



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Learning Outcomes 2-7 are **competency based.** This means that the candidate is expected to perform the tasks, and demonstrate the level of competence, outlined in the assessment criteria. It is expected that evidence will be a combination following:

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- Expert witness testimony.
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 candidate carrying out practical work. The assessor will make assessment
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- The simulated environment matches, as close as possible, the real-world working environment.
- The candidate performs any assessed treatment on a live model.



lifle:			oigm olad	pigmentation Level: 4 plading - Manual												
Unit Nu	umber:	L/651/240)4	TQT:	100	GLH:	75									
	ng Outcomes Irner will be abl			Assessment Criteria The learner can:												
1	Understand hup the workp prepare for c	lace and				•	kspace, trolley, ing procedure.									
	microblading procedure.	1.2	blade for Cli Typ		ent, based or w.	most suitable n:										
		1.3	,	Identify in which layer of skin the pigment is implanted.												
		1.4	pigment i	•		ffects if the										
			1.5	Describe endocrine		ure and func	tion of the									
												1.6	endocrine	e and circ	es that occur culatory syste I a cosmetic	ms after the
			1.7			eat a client to e procedure.	,									
			1.8	different f explanati • Skir	or under	croblading p 35s and unde I include con	er 50s. The									



1	Continued	1.9	Explain how to perform a retouch for a client who: Has faded, but still visible, hair strokes. Has lost all hair stokes. Is still in the healing phase.
		1.10	State the required length of time between first and retouch procedures.
		1.11	Describe the stages of skin healing.
		1.12	Describe the effect on freshly micropigmented skin of: • The sun.
			WaterCosmetics.
		1.13	Describe how to handle a client who is unhappy with the result, including if this may result in legal action.
2	Carry out a microblading procedure.	2.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including:
	'		Trolley.Products.
			• Couch.
			Appropriate PPE.
		2.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including:
			Agreeing treatment objectives.Agreeing design template.Agreeing pain management strategy.



2	Continued	2.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		2.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		2.5	Select the appropriate type of size of blade for the treatment.
		2.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		2.7	Measure the client's eyebrows and record the pre-treatment state photographically.
		2.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include:
			 Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
		2.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
		2.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
		2.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
		2.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
		2.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.



2	C	Continued	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding:
			Post treatment aftercare.Future treatment.



Additional Assessment Information

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- The simulated environment matches, as close as possible, the real-world working environment.
- The candidate performs any assessed treatment on a live model.



Title:		Principl Scalp <i>N</i>				LC VCI.	4
Unit N	umber:	M/651/240)5	IQT:	80	GLH:	50
	ng Outcomes arner will be ab			sment Crite arner can:	eria		
1			1.1	Describe couch of procedular proc	and PPE for ure. the follow lat. Magnum. ound. ingle point loped. Micro. haders and	d liners.	
			1.4	Ir Describe		ncy. es of the Norw	vood Hamiliton attern baldness.
			1.5		n Stage III e	vise a client w on their suitak	vho is Norwood bility for
			1.6			nix and dilute n treatment c	pigment for a on the scalp.



1		1.7	State the size of needle that should be used for a micropigmentation on the scalp.
		1.8	Identify in which layer of skin the pigment is implanted.
		1.9	Describe the possible adverse effects if the pigment is implanted: • Too deep.
			Too shallow.
		1.10	Explain how to perform a retouch for a client:
			Who has faded, but still has dots visible.Who is in the healing phase.Who has healed patchy.
		1.11	State the required length of time between first and retouch procedures.
		1.12	Explain what telogen effluvium is.
		1.13	Explain what alopecia is.
		1.14	Describe why micropigmentation pigments that are used for cosmetic tattooing would not be suitable for scalp micropigmentation.
		1.15	Describe how to start a scalp micropigmentation treatment, including: • Preparation before the treatment begins. • Positioning the client. • Measuring the scalp and hairline.
		1.16	Describe how to complete the whole head, including how to position the client throughout for the best outcome.
		1.17	Identify how many sessions a typical scalp micropigmentation requires.
		1.18	Explain why a scalp micropigmentation is completed over multiple sessions and what each session is for.



1	Continued	1.19	Describe how to cover the scalp for men or women who suffer from thinning hair.
		1.20	Describe the advice you would give to a client after a treatment, including:
			Post-treatment aftercare.Future treatments.
2	Perform a scalp micropigmentation treatment.	2.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including: • Trolley. • Products. • Couch. • Appropriate PPE.
		2.2	Complete a consultation with the client, including: Agreeing treatment objectives. Agreeing design template. Agreeing pain management strategy.
		2.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		2.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		2.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		2.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		2.7	Mark the head with the correct hairline and record the pre-treatment state photographically.



2 Continued	2.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
	2.9	Take photographic evidence of the treatment area following organisational procedures.
	2.10	Complete the client's records and store in accordance with data legislation.
	2.11	Tidy the workspace, including the correct disposal of needles and dressings.
	2.12	Complete an evaluation of the treatment with the client.
	2.13	Collate and record information from client feedback, client records and own observations.
	2.14	Provide verbal and written advice and recommendations to the client regarding: • Post treatment aftercare. • Future treatment.



Additional Assessment Information

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Title:	,	les and Practice of Level: 4						
Unit Number:	R/651/2406	ΤQ	T:	80	GLH:	50		
Learning Outcomes The learner will be ab			nent Criter er can:	ia				
1 Understand to up and prep workplace for micropigment treatment or	are the or a ntation	C	Describe how to set up the workspace, trolley, couch and PPE for a micropigmentation procedure.					
	1.2	2	FlaMcRoSinSloMicSho	the following t. agnum. und. gle point. ped. cro. aders and lii		ypes:		
	1.3		AgIllnStreCoWe	each, inclu e. ess.	nent.	air loss, and the		
	1.4			how areola s Triangle.	mapping	is applied using		
	1.5	5 I	Explain wl	hat is mean	t by "bilat	eral technique".		
	1.0					pigment for a on the body.		
	1.7			size of need gmentation		ould be used for ody.		
	1.6		ldentify in implanted	•	r of skin th	e pigment is		



1	Continued	1.9	Describe the possible adverse effects if the pigment is implanted:
			Too deep.Too shallow.
		1.10	Describe how to start an areola micropigmentation treatment, including:
			 Preparation before the treatment begins. Positioning the client.
		1.11	Describe the advice you would give to a client after a treatment, including:
			Post-treatment aftercare.Future treatments.
2	Perform a scalp micropigmentation treatment.	2.1	Prepare the workspace for treatment, including:
			Trolley.Products.Couch.Appropriate PPE.
		2.2	Complete a consultation with the client,
			including:
			Agreeing treatment objectives.Agreeing design template.Agreeing pain management strategy.
		2.3	Magnify and illuminate the treatment area.
		2.4	Safely apply topical anaesthetic.
		2.5	Select the appropriate type of size of needle for the treatment.
		2.6	Select and use colour pigments in accordance with the treatment objectives.
		2.7	Mark the treatment area and record the pre- treatment state photographically.



2	Continued	2.8	Complete the treatment, using the correct techniques, to the client's satisfaction. Treatment Techniques include: Pointillism. Pendulum. Shading. Obovoid. Cross-hatching. Sweep. Stroke. Three-way stretch. Needle depth. Speed. Pressure. Angle. Pigment dipping. Wrist support. Posture and Positioning. Treatment Passes.
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Appendix One – Command Verb Definitions

The table below explains what is expected from each **command verb** used in an assessment objective. Not all verbs are used in this specification

Apply	Use existing knowledge or skills in a new or different context.
Analyse	Break a larger subject into smaller parts, examine them in detail and show how these parts are related to each other. This may be supported by reference to current research or theories.
Classify	Organise information according to specific criteria.
Compare	Examine subjects in detail, giving the similarities and differences.
Critically Compare	As with compare, but extended to include pros and cons of the subject. There may or may not be a conclusion or recommendation as appropriate.
Describe	Provide detailed, factual information about a subject.
Discuss	Give a detailed account of a subject, including a range of contrasting views and opinions.
Explain	As with describe, but extended to include causation and reasoning.
Identify	Select or ascertain appropriate information and details from a broader range of information or data.
Interpret	Use information or data to clarify or explain something.
Produce	Make or create something.
State	Give short, factual information about something.
Specify	State a fact or requirement clearly and in precise detail.





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